

Ionic Liquids as Safe, Energy-Dense Electrochemical Fuels

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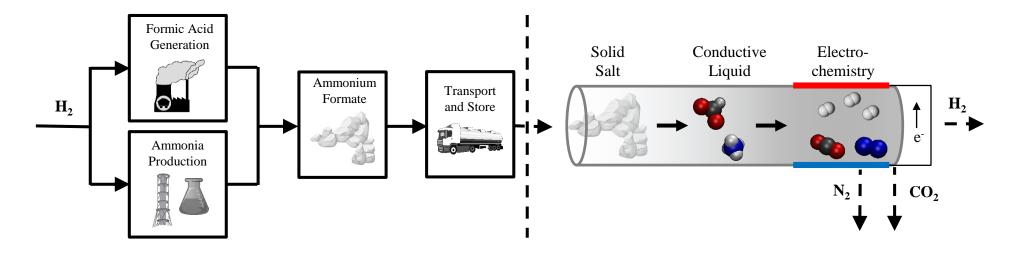
A need for the ideal renewable energy carrier

Energy Carrier	Volumetric Energy Density (kWh/L) ¹	Easy and cheap to produce	High energy content	Cheap and safe transport and storage	Efficient energy extraction
Li-ion Battery	0.2-0.7	\checkmark	X	\checkmark	\checkmark
Liquid H ₂	2.3	\checkmark	\checkmark	X	\checkmark
Liquid Ammonia	4.3	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	X
Formic Acid	1.8	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	X
Ammonium Formate ²	4.5	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	X



Paradigm: ammonium formate as energy carrier

Safe, easily transported solid



Ammonium Formate is combination of formic acid and ammonia Forms ionic liquid at 116°C, meaning entire electrolyte is fuel



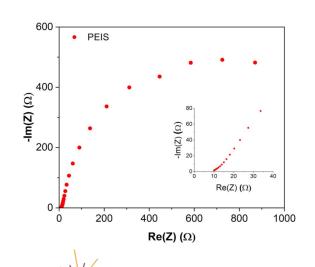


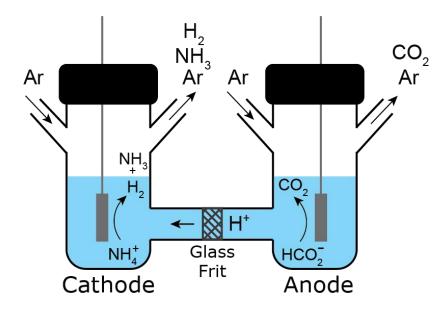
Electrochemical setup and product analysis

Electrochemical cell with liquid ammonium formate

Electrochemical analysis:

Impedance Cyclic voltammograms Chronoamperometry

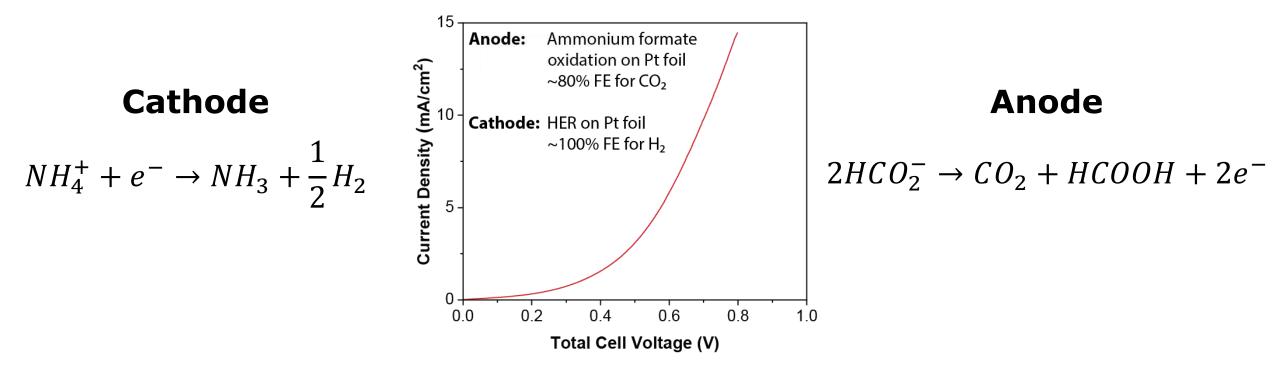




Product analysis: *Gas chromatography NMR Colormetric assays*



Successful electrochemical H₂ extraction



Future Work

Currently only oxidizing formate Additives and cell engineering will allow for complete fuel oxidation



Acknowledgments & Questions

Advisor: Prof. Karthish Manthiram

Manthiram Lab:







References

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2. Ohyama, K.; Sugino, T.; Nitta, T.; Kimura, C.; Aoki, H. IEEJ Trans. EIS 2008, 128, 1600–1604.

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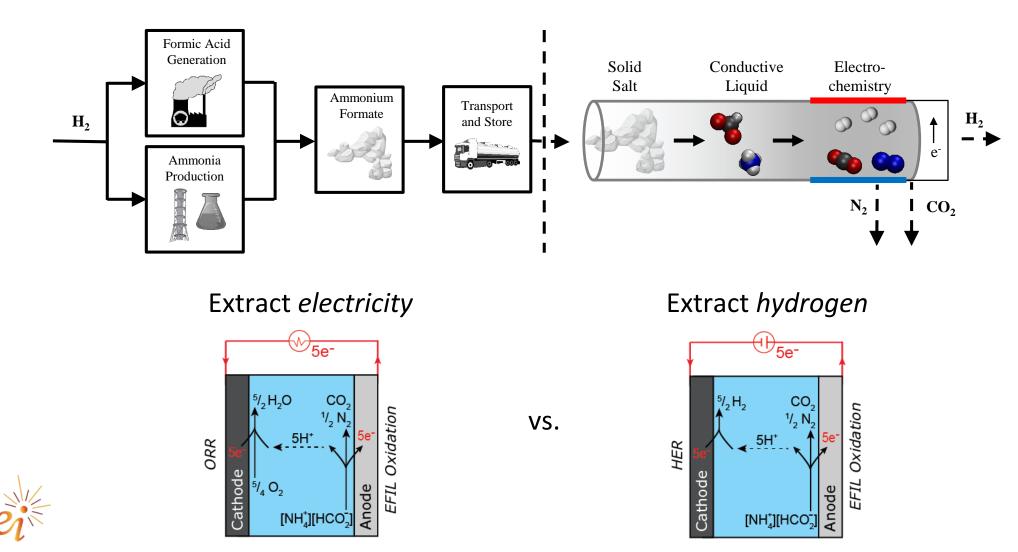


Backup Slides

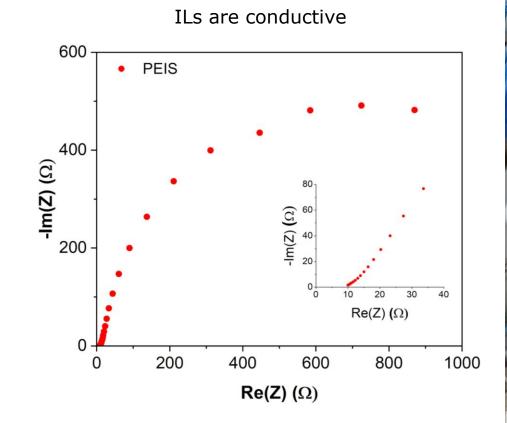


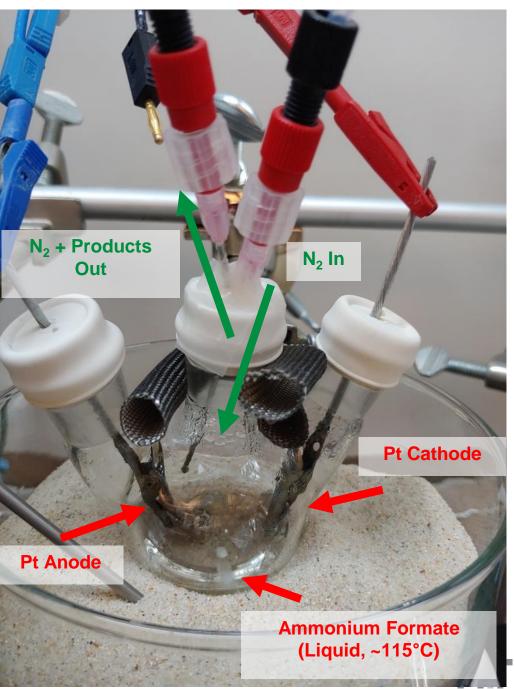
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Experimental System

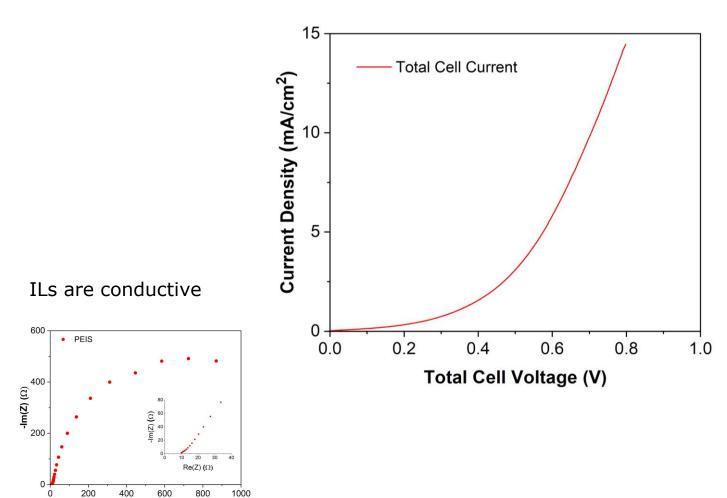






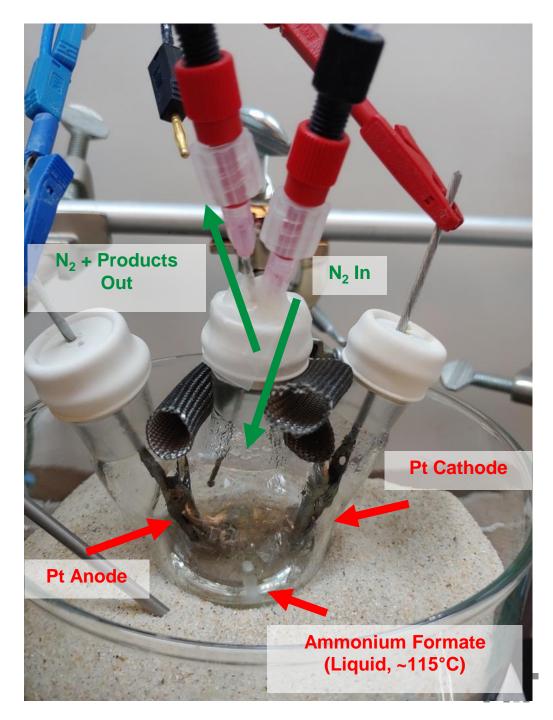
Experimental System

OCV predicted to be 0.04 V



Re(Ζ) (Ω)

ram Lab



Ammonium Formate Decomposition

Anode

Current (mA)	FE toward CO ₂
1	104%
3	77%
5	58%
6	86%

Average FE = $81\pm8\%$ (No evidence of N₂)

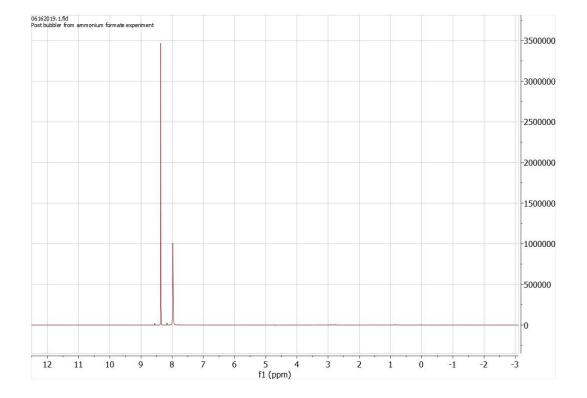
Cathode

Current (mA)	FE toward H ₂
1	138%
3	100%
5	96%



Average $FE = 110 \pm 10\%$

Evidence of formic acid/formate in post-cell trap



Spectrophotometric evidence of Ammonia in post-cell trap